### HUMIDIFIER WITH A WATER WHEEL DEVICE

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 1. Field of the Invention

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The present invention relates to a humidifier, more particularly to a humidifier with a water wheel device.

# 2. Description of the Related Art

Conventional humidifiers, which transform water into vapor with the use of a high frequency vibrating device, are known in the art. However, since the constructions of such humidifiers are relatively complicated, high manufacturing costs are incurred, and repair and maintenance of the same are difficult to conduct.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, the object of the present invention is to provide a humidifier with a water wheel device that can overcome the aforesaid drawbacks associated with the prior art.

Accordingly, a humidifier of the present invention comprises a humidifier housing, a fan, and a water wheel device. The humidifier housing includes a lower base member and an upper cover member mounted on top of the lower base member. The lower base member defines a liquid-containing compartment that opens upwardly. The upper cover member defines a fan-mounting space that is disposed above the liquid-containing compartment, and is formed with a vapor outlet. The humidifier housing

further defines a wheel-receiving space between the liquid-containing compartment and the fan-mounting space. The fan is mounted in the fan-mounting space and is operable so as to generate air currents that flow out of the humidifier housing through the vapor outlet. The water wheel device includes a horizontal wheel axle, a drive motor, and a plurality of disc members. The horizontal wheel axle is mounted rotatably in the wheel-receiving space. The drive motor is mounted to the humidifier housing and is coupled to the wheel axle for driving axial rotation of the wheel axle. Each of the disc members is mounted spacedly and co-rotatably on the wheel axle, and has a lower disc portion extending into the liquid-containing compartment, and an upper disc portion disposed under and adjacent to the fan. Accordingly, liquid contained in the liquid-containing compartment is agitated when the disc members rotate, and is subsequently vaporized by the air currents generated by the fan.

## 20 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Other features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent in the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment with reference to the accompanying drawings, of which:

Figure 1 is a partly cutaway, assembled perspective view of the preferred embodiment of a humidifier according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is a partly exploded, perspective view of a disc member of a water wheel device of the preferred embodiment;

Figure 3 is a partly sectional, schematic end view of the preferred embodiment; and

Figure 4 is a partly sectional, schematic side view of the preferred embodiment.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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Referring to Figure 1, the preferred embodiment of a humidifier according to the present invention is shown to include a humidifier housing 1, a fan 4, and a water wheel device 3.

The humidifier housing 1 includes a lower base member 11 and an upper cover member 2 mounted on top of the lower base member 11. The lower base member 11 defines a liquid-containing compartment 110 that opens upwardly. The upper cover member 2 defines a fan-mounting space 22 that is disposed above the liquid-containing compartment 110, and is formed with a vapor outlet 21. housing further humidifier 1 defines wheel-receiving space 111 between liquid-containing compartment 110 and the fan-mounting space 22, as best shown in Figures 3 and 4.

In this embodiment, the vapor outlet 21 is formed through a top wall of the upper cover member 2 but should not be limited thereto. Particularly, the exact location of the vapor outlet 21 in the upper cover member 2 may

vary depending on actual design requirements. Moreover, in this embodiment, the vapor outlet 21 consists of a plurality of vent holes 211 but should not be limited thereto. The purpose of the vapor outlet 21 is still served when it consists of a single vent hole.

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The humidifier housing 1 further includes a supply tank 12 mounted on top of the lower base member 11 and disposed beside the upper cover member 2. Preferably, the supply tank 12 is mounted removably on the lower base member 11. More preferably, the lower base member 11 has an open top side, and the upper cover member 2 and the supply tank 12 cooperate to seal the open top side of the lower base member 11. The supply tank 12 is adapted for containing liquid that is to be supplied to the liquid-containing compartment 110, and is formed with a liquid outlet 120. The humidifier further comprises a known control valve 13 mounted in the liquid outlet 120 and responsive to liquid level 14 in the liquid-containing compartment 110 to control fluid communication between the liquid outlet 120 and the liquid-containing compartment 110 so as to maintain the liquid level 14 at an appropriate level. Since the control valve 13 is well known to those skilled in the art, a detailed description of the same is dispensed with herein for the sake of brevity.

The fan 4 is mounted in the fan-mounting space 22 of the upper cover member 2, and is operable so as to

generate air currents that flow out of the humidifier housing 1 through the vapor outlet 21 in the upper cover member 2.

With further reference to Figures 2 to 4, the water wheel device 3 includes a horizontal wheel axle 31, a drive motor 33, and a plurality of disc members 32.

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The horizontal wheel axle 31 is mounted rotatably in the wheel-receiving space 111 of the humidifier housing 1. The drive motor 33 is mounted in the upper wheel cover 2 of the humidifier housing 1, and is coupled to the wheel axle 31 for driving axial rotation of the wheel axle 31. The disc members 32 are mounted spacedly and co-rotatably on the wheel axle 31. Each of the disc members 32 has a lower disc portion extending into the liquid-containing compartment 110, and an upper disc portion disposed under and adjacent to the fan 4.

As best shown in Figure 2, each of the disc members 32 includes a disc body 320 and a cover unit 328. The disc body 320 has an axle mounting portion 321 mounted on the wheel axle 31, and a plurality of disc extension portions 322 that extend in radial outward directions from the axle mounting portion 321 and that are angularly spaced apart from each other. The disc body 320 has first and second sides 326, 327.

The cover unit 328 is mounted on the first side 326 of the disc body 320, and cooperates with the disc body 320 to form a plurality of first liquid-receiving

recesses 30 in the second side 327 of the disc body 320. Each of the first liquid-receiving recesses 30 is disposed between a corresponding adjacent pair of the disc extension portions 322, has a width that is gradually increased in a direction away from the wheel axle 31, and opens at a periphery of the disc body 320. Preferably, adjacent ones of the disc extension portions 322 are formed with end protrusions 323 that cooperate to form a restricted access opening 301 into the corresponding one of the first liquid-receiving recesses 30 at the periphery of the disc body 320.

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In this embodiment, the cover unit 328 includes a plurality of cover plates 324, each of which extends between an adjacent pair of the disc extension portions 322. The cover plates 324 further cooperate with the disc body 320 to form a plurality of liquid-receiving recesses 30 in the first side 326 of the disc body 320. Each of the second liquid-receiving recesses 30 is disposed between a corresponding adjacent pair of the cover plates 324, and has a shape similar to that of the first liquid-receiving recesses 30, i.e., each of the second liquid-receiving recesses 30 has a width that is gradually increased in a direction away from the wheel axle 31 and opens at a periphery of the disc body 320. Likewise, adjacent ones of the cover plates 324 are formed with end protrusions 323 that cooperate to form a restricted access opening 301 into the corresponding one of the second liquid-receiving recesses 30 at the periphery of the disc body 320.

In practice, the specific configuration of the disc members 32 is not limited to that of the preferred embodiment. For example, it is possible to form the liquid-receiving recesses in one side or in both sides of the disc member using casting techniques.

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The liquid-receiving recesses 30 in the disc members 32 serve the purpose of moving the liquid contained in the liquid-containing compartment 110 toward the fan 4 when the disc members 32 rotate. Therefore, the liquid contained in the liquid-containing compartment 110 is agitated when the disc members 32 rotate, and is subsequently vaporized by the air currents generated by the fan 4. The air currents that flow out of the humidifier housing 1 through the vapor outlet 21 can accordingly increase humidity of the surrounding environment.

As the liquid level 14 in the liquid-containing compartment 110 drops due to the cooperative action of the water wheel device 3 and the fan 4, the control valve 13 will permit liquid flow through the liquid outlet 120 for supplying liquid from the supply tank 12 to the liquid-containing compartment 110 so as to maintain the liquid level 14 in the liquid-containing compartment 110 at an appropriate level.

It is apparent from the foregoing that the humidifier of the present invention has a relatively simple construction that involves lower manufacturing costs and that is relatively easy to maintain and repair. The object of the present invention is thus met.

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While the present invention has been described in connection with what is considered the most practical and preferred embodiment, it is understood that this invention is not limited to the disclosed embodiment but is intended to cover various arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalent arrangements.